

Schedule of terror attacks from 1984-1995

12 September 1984	Batala	8 bus passengers killed.
10 and 11 May 1985	New Delhi	85 Hindus were killed in serial bomb blasts by Khalistanis which occurred during consecutive days at various places across New Delhi and its neighboring Haryana and Uttar Pradesh. 59 Hindus had died on the spot while the rest succumbed to injuries after being Hospitalized. The terrorists used transistor bombs in a train and 2 buses. They also planted bombs in crowded places like Market and Public Park. ^{[24][25]}
20 Aug 1985	Sherpur	Harchand Singh Longowal assassinated near sherpur Punjab. ^[26]
6 March 1986	Kapurthala	13 Hindu civilians killed and 18 wounded in indiscriminate firing by Sikh militants. ^[27]
27 March 1986	Amritsar	Former Communist Party of India legislator Arjan Singh Mastana and his bodyguard gunned down and several Hindus killed ^[28]
28 March 1986	Ludhiana	13 people killed in indiscriminate firing in Dresi ground, killing Kharti leaders including that of Jagirpur, Mayor Krishan Sood . unofficial number of Hindus killed was 32 ^[29]
29 March 1986	Mallian, Jalandhar	20 labourers killed by militants.
8 June 1986	Amritsar	9 People killed by Sikh extremists. ^[30]
25 July 1986	Mukatsar	15 bus passengers gunned down by suspected Sikh militants. ^[31]

10 Aug 1986	Pune	Retired Army Chief of Staff, General Arun Shridhar Vaidya killed by Sikh militants. ^[32]
17 Sept 1986	Phillaur	Sikh extremists kill a Shiv Sena Hindu leaders and several Hindu leaders are targeted and a hit list is published every week in Jagbani and Ajeet Punjabi newspapers for Hindu leader in politics, administration, and other government services to leave Punjab or face death for nearly all weeks between 1983 and 1985. ^[33]
25 October 1986	Chandigarh	Suspected Sikh extremists opened fire in a Hindu market, killing nine and wounding ten. ^[34]
30 October 1986	Hoshiarpur	Sikh militants robbed a bank, killed 5 Hindus and the unofficial number of Hindus killed was 23. ^[35]
31 October 1986	Ludhiana	8 migrant and local Hindu industrial workers gunned down in indiscriminate firing on Daba road, Ludhiana. unofficial number was around 22 Hindus dead
30 November 1986	Khudda	24 Hindu bus passengers gunned down. Unofficial number was more than 50. ^[36]
January 1987		Congress Sikh MLA Sant Singh Liddar murdered. ^[37]
January 1987		Sikh militants kill eight people. Most of the victims were Hindus. ^[38]
8 May 1987		Sukhdev Singh, the son of the moderate Akali leader Jiwan Singh Umranangal , was murdered by the militants. In 1986, Jiwan Singh had undertaken a door-to-door campaign in the Majha region, meeting the families of the militants and asking for their help in convincing the militants to give up the violence. ^[39]
19 May 1987	Tarn Taran	Deepak Dhawan , the State Committee member of the CPI(M)
14 June 1987	Delhi and Punjab	Sikh millitants in New Delhi killed 12 Hindus celebrating a baby's birthday party. 13 other people were killed in Punjab. Security was increased in New Delhi following reports of possible school bus bomb attacks by Sikh millitants. ^{[40][41]}
3 July 1987		Gurnam Singh Uppal, a moderate Sikh leader and the president of the Punjab unit of Democratic Youth Federation of India, was killed.
6 July 1987	Near Lalru	Khalistan Commando Force militants hijacked a Haryana Roadways bus and killed 38 Hindu bus passengers. ^[42]
7 July 1987	Near Fatehabad	Sikh militants kill kill 34 Hindu bus passengers from two Haryana Roadways buses near Fatehabad ^[42]
6 August 1987	Jagdev Kalan	12 people gunned down. Before shooting them victim were forced to chant "Long Live the Sikh Nation". ^[43]
19 August 1987	Jalandhar	11 people killed by Sikh militants including a Hindu man and his baby son. ^[44]

28 September 1987	Alawalpur	5 killed and 8 injured, firing near Geetha Bhawan.
20 October 1987	Delhi	12 persons shot dead at various places in Delhi on Diwali day.
15 January 1988	Dhadial Nijhran, village near Batala	8 members of a family including 2 women and 3 children killed
22 January 1988	Punjab	12 people and a Hindu leader killed by Sikh extremists.
19 February 1988	Gurdaspur, Hoshiarpur and Patiala	Bombs exploded by Babbar Khalsa. 12 to 13 persons killed and nearly 50 injured.
2 March 1988	Bhaian	8 members of a family killed.
3 March 1988	Kahri sahri	35 persons shot dead, 50 others injured, indiscriminate firing at a festival gathering by terrorists believed to be Sikh militants. ^[47]
29 March 1988	Bhathe (Kartarpur)	2 Persons shot dead by militants
31 March 1988	Rajbah	18 members of a Rajput family shot dead at village the Rajbah under police station.
2 April 1988	Punjab	Sikh gunmen stormed into huts and houses across Punjab state and killed 37 people, including 7 children ^[48]
15 May 1988	Samana, Patiala	26 persons killed, 100 others injured in different incidents
16 May 1988	Amritsar, Ludhiana, Jalandhar and Gurdaspur	40 persons gunned down, 100 others injured in different incidents
17 May 1988	Kharar	35 labourers massacred.
24 May 1988	Dhaliwal (Nakodar)	6 members of a family murdered.
19-21 June 1988	Punjab and Haryana	3 bomb explosions took place over the course of 3 consecutive days. The week prior witnessed a bomb explosion in Amristar in the vicinity of the Shivala Bhaiyan Temple. 22 people were killed and 40 were injured, the terrorists specifically chose Monday, considered a particularly auspicious day to worship Lord Shiva, as the day to attack. The second Amristar explosion took place in a predominantly Hindu textile market, killing 28 and injuring 50. In Haryana, Sikh terrorists set off a bomb near a TV shop where people congregated to watch the <i>Ramayana</i> , killing 20 people. The third bomb explosion was in New Delhi and targeted a vegetable market, killing 3 and injuring 42. Sikh terrorists further gunned down 6 people in a cinema hall in Pehowa, Haryana. The motive of these attacks was to incite a Hindu backlash and exacerbate communal tensions between both communities
22 June 1988	Raman Mandi, Bathinda	Social Worker Baldev Raj Mittal gunned down
7 September	Rure Aasal (Amritsar district)	15 rail passengers killed, 25 injured at Rure Aasal railway station.

1988		
8 January 1989		Sikh terrorists killed 14 Hindus after the hanging of the two men responsible for the assassination of Indira Gandhi.
25 June 1989	Moga	27 Swayamsevaks of the RSS who were participating in the daily shakha conducted at Nehru Park were shot dead by some Khalistani terrorists who came on motorcycles, raised provocative slogans and started firing indiscriminately.
11 Nov 1989	Patiala	19 students of Thapar Engineering College were massacred while they slept in their dorm by Sikh Extremists
19 January 1990	Ballagan, Amritsar	8 Hindu villagers shot down by militants
7 March 1990	Abohar	32 shot dead in indiscriminate firing at crowded market
30 May 1990	Ferozepur	Sikh extremists kill 10 in attack on market.
28 May 1990		Khalistan Commando Force attacked a farm, Killed 13 migrant workers, including 11 Hindus.
22 November 1990	Aliwal BATALA gsp	Bank dacoity in Aliwal and Guard killed
November 1990	Amritsar	Sikh militants killed 23 Hindus in multiple attacks
15 June 1991	Ludhiana district	110 passengers killed by Sikh militants
11 March 1992	Harkishanpura	16 Hindu workers killed by Sikh militants.
15 March 1992	Ludhiana	18 people killed by Sikh militants.
10 August 1992	Barnala	31 people killed by Sikh militants.
6 January 1993	Chhichhrewal (Gurdaspur)	11 Terrorists encountered
11 September 1993	Chandigarh	12 people killed in bomb blast that was an assassination attempt on Youth Congress(I) Punjab minister Maninderjit Bitta. ^[61]
25 February 1994	Rajasthan	Leader of Khalistan Liberation Force Navneet Singh Khadian encountered by Punjab Police
31 August 1995	Chandigarh	Punjab's Chief Minister Beant Singh belonging to Congress party along with 17 others killed by a suicide bomber